Supplied with the wife some control points on the pointing Wood as done speciasionally developed in foundaries. The duplicated type is then educated for the way "lifetings, line, and line, and line, are not blocks 'can' be duplicated in the same way throwiding along a respect beyond the capacity of the madding, and the capacity of signated roughness showever the language life type on account of insufficient heat of the metal or uneven blacking of the matrix it will suffice to rule the type on the emetal or will suffice to rule the type on the emetal or will suffice to rule in the rule of the matrix.

### adding. See the behinds of the Basic see the see the see that the see

however, that the type be placed in the machine so that the body can be finally grapped by the jaws in the usual manner, a so we energy and the second control of the second open and the second also because in this madine at is essential forevery that the the tree to the the tree to the

One of the novel leatities of this 'nuclained is the fact that wood cut type up to 95 Points can be duplicated in the 'nucst' Perfect manner. Such type '18 to be cleaned in exactly the Shife way as shown in case of metal type. Inle or dut talk to be removed with a knife, the wood cat type or block, however, must be perfectly der. The surface is to be rubbed with a piece of sand paper fill the oily, smooth film has disappeared. The prices of the wood drives to be open and the result of the cast depends on the drivess of the greet Should the wood be perfectly dry-the very first case will produce a serviceable matrix. It opplie other hand, the wood is wet, blow holes are sure, a grocenest Gashiff, has then to be repeated several, times till, the dampness is gone. There is no needs to blacken the face, iff the type or wood blick. figuid metal will not adhere, for, wood, nor, is, thegg, any danger glajbgetting, damaged. Sames Samskiss Same as the

only to make up deligiencies in type quickly, and expeditiously. When casting the mutrix from wooden type the metal must now range is far greater. Many printing presses use it when times are quiet in order to anake up their stock of type. Large stocks of type, otherwise suitable are often found in printing offices, not used-because they are incomplete or some souts missing altogether just runs easily and is not hotter. Though the machine has been designed for supplementary purposes Should there be only a single suitable type left, the whole set d again, training be too hot, it is best when it o duplicated and used an pe its

### ALFRED KOPINSKI TRUMPED STORY

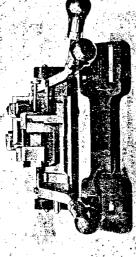
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# Typofix Type Caster

Indispensable in every Printing office. (D. R. PATENT)



Details as to illustration and specification are not binding on us.

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# Typoffx Type Caster (D.R. Palent)

Our Typofty Machine, emboures features not lound in any other typofty casting cachine, withe during at the same-time the essential metrics of simplicity and surength. Troduces any quantity of type from old type, metal as perfect, durinble and well finished as that supplied by any dirst \*The Patent Typoffx, Caster is a simple, complete, and compact by special-inciding far easily missing missing types. Succeeds and Quality in sazes up to 95 Points inclusive, and its over matteres. \*\*\*\*

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Our, Typofix" supplements any the Our, Typofix" sayes Time and Wages! complete set of Type.

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be taken to use just sufficient metal to sextend the base of the matrix as shown in the illustration. The illustration of the margin shows Matrices made on the Typofix Caster from available type. Any quantity can be cast from these matrices. Care, however, should



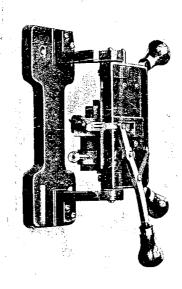
Typofix Casting Machine from its own Matrices. They are perfect and well finished and can be east up to The three illustrations in the margin 96 Points inclusive:



on our Eypo "Two Specimens Prints of Mype cost on our Aryphity produces Type in all Languages. For Leipzig and Paris, or other Sizes."

## INSTRUCTIONS FOR USE

The illustration on the front page shows the Typofix Caster set for casting matrices. The machine is opened and closed by means of the two levers shown.



Above illustration shows the madnine turned over in position for type casting after the matrix has been made. Type metal is poured into the slot in the centre of the bas plate dearly visible in the illustration. The superfluous metal is removed by the long lever-attached to the base. It is important that the type metal as well as the madnine is as not) as permissible in order to get the best results. A few trian istings are to be made till the madnine has become sufficiently liot.

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#### Kind of Metal to be used.

For small types old, damaged and worn out type will produce the best result when melted down. For larger types Monometal is advisable. It is possible, however, to use any type setting machine metal. It is essential that the metal is as liquid as possible when casting. Very hot metal has to be used for type casting while for matrices it ought just to run.

#### Type to be duplicated.

The very best type specimen from the stocks of old material has to be selected for casting the matrix for the new type, for if damaged specimens are dosen the duplicated type will show the same imperfection as the old. The specimens selected for making the matrix are to be cleaned carefully with petrol- or turpentine in order to remove all impurities and caked printing ink, for it is impossible to expect a clean impression from type which is unclean or dosked with ink.

#### Casting the Type.

The small oil lamp supplied with the machine is to be filled with waste oil or hibricating oil and the wick turned up so that the flame emits large clouds of smoke. Then the type to be duplicated is to be held in the flame till, it has become quite black on the face. This procedure has to be followed with all type made of type metal and all such matrices, for otherwise the hot metal would adhere and could not be separated from the matrix.

The type is then placed in the madnine with the face upwards after it has been opened by means of the two levers. The two levers are now closed and care has to be taken that the jaws of the madnine closely touch the type. The two adjusting screws are lightly tightened. Casting can begin as soon as the operator has made sure that the lampblack coating is undamaged.

Hot metal is to be be poured in till it reaches the lower level of the opening in the base plate and a few seconds are to be allowed for the metal to set. This takes place almost instantly. The adjustment screws are now slackened, the machine opened by means of the levers and tilted over so that the base plate is on the top. The matrix and the old type will drop out. A piece of soft cloth ought to be placed undermeath to avoid damage to the type. Matrix and type will separate in most cases when dropping out, but should thus not be the case, they can be easily broken apart by hand.

Should the matrix not be clear and sufficiently deep, the east has to be repeated. It is quite possible that the metal or the mould is not sufficiently but at the first attempt, but after a little practice excellent results will be obtained from the very first time. The matrix when considered satisfactory is blackened with lamp black and placed in the machine in the same place where it was done.

drop out lever will type will drop out. All several re-casts are needed, the process is to be repeated in exactly the same way, but, attention is to be paid to the matrix being-well ceated, will lampblack, as this is indispensable for getting good results. Any number of type can hammer blow on the drift supplied for this purpose. When the matrix is in the correct position for casting, the madnine is turned Reversing the machine again, small size type and matrix will drop out of themselves? Officrwise a short pull on the larger lever will remove the excess metal and burn, and matrix and possible. over and matrix firmly driven home to ensure an altound seating by a hammer blow on the drift supplied for this purpose. When the indicating that the matrix is in correct position and of preventing shifting about or dropping out. The madnine with the matrix is Every matrix has a small projection fitting into a corresponding recess of the matrix container. This projection has the object of hrmiy the east type is exactly the same as that of the plattern. Should little and is always well blackened. Reight, lenght and width be cast from the same matrix providing adjustment screws are slackened and the jaws drawn apart closed, As soon as it has set, the machine is swung back, the the hot metal the adjusting screws are lightly tightened and the poured into the opening as quickly is has tune to cool